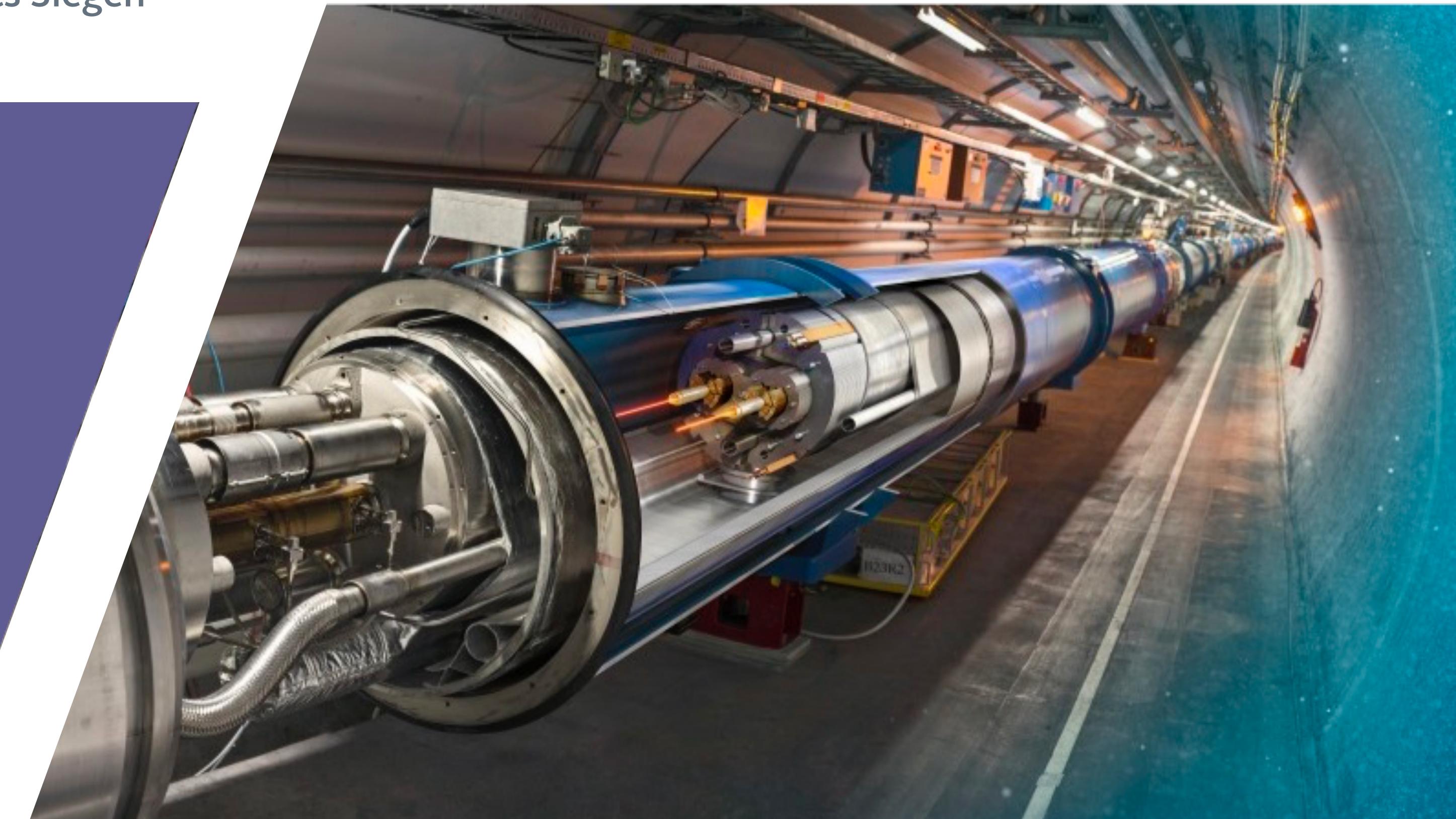


Vertex reconstruction using particle tracks in a dense environment



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Current Siegen team



Diptaparna Biswas



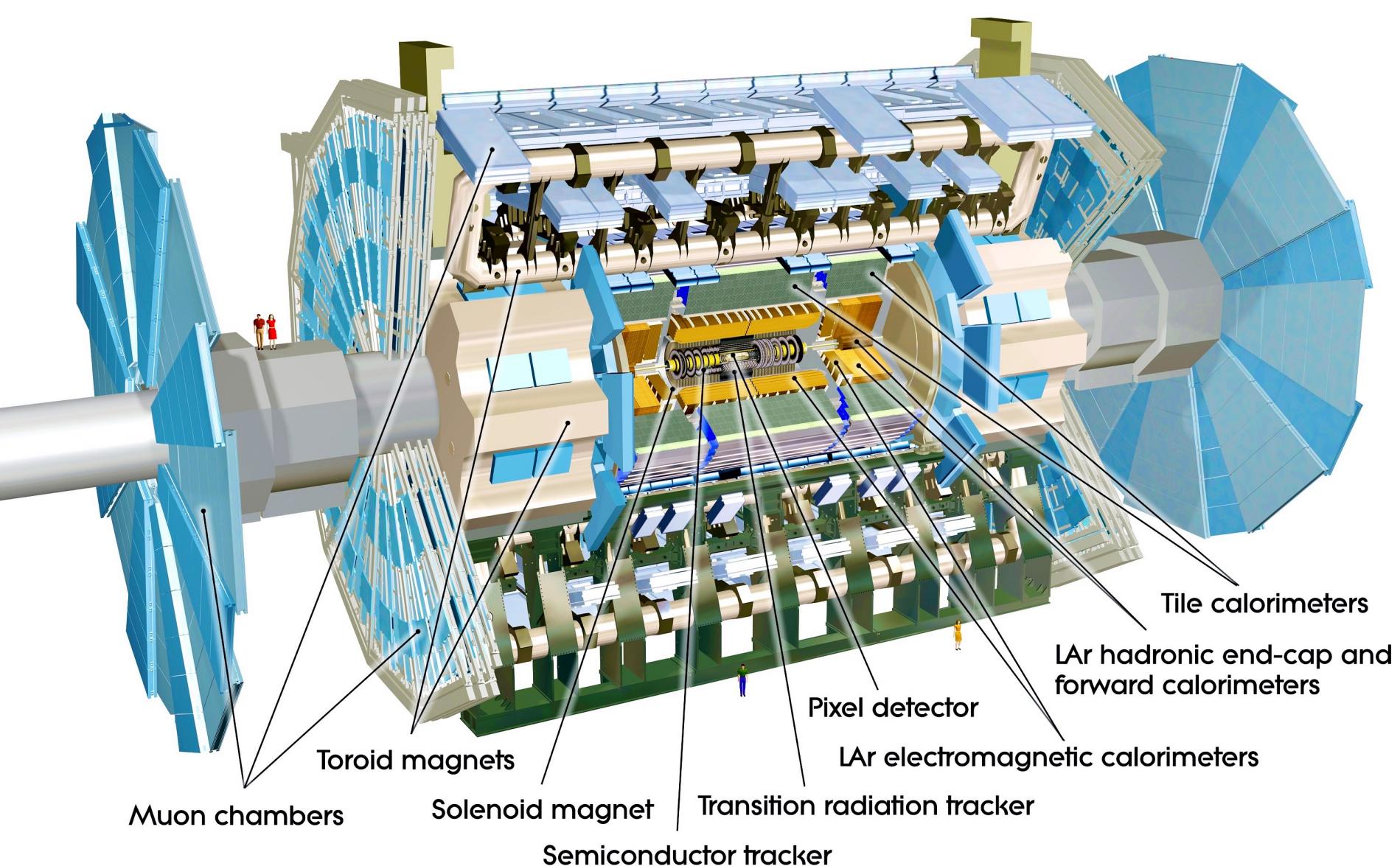
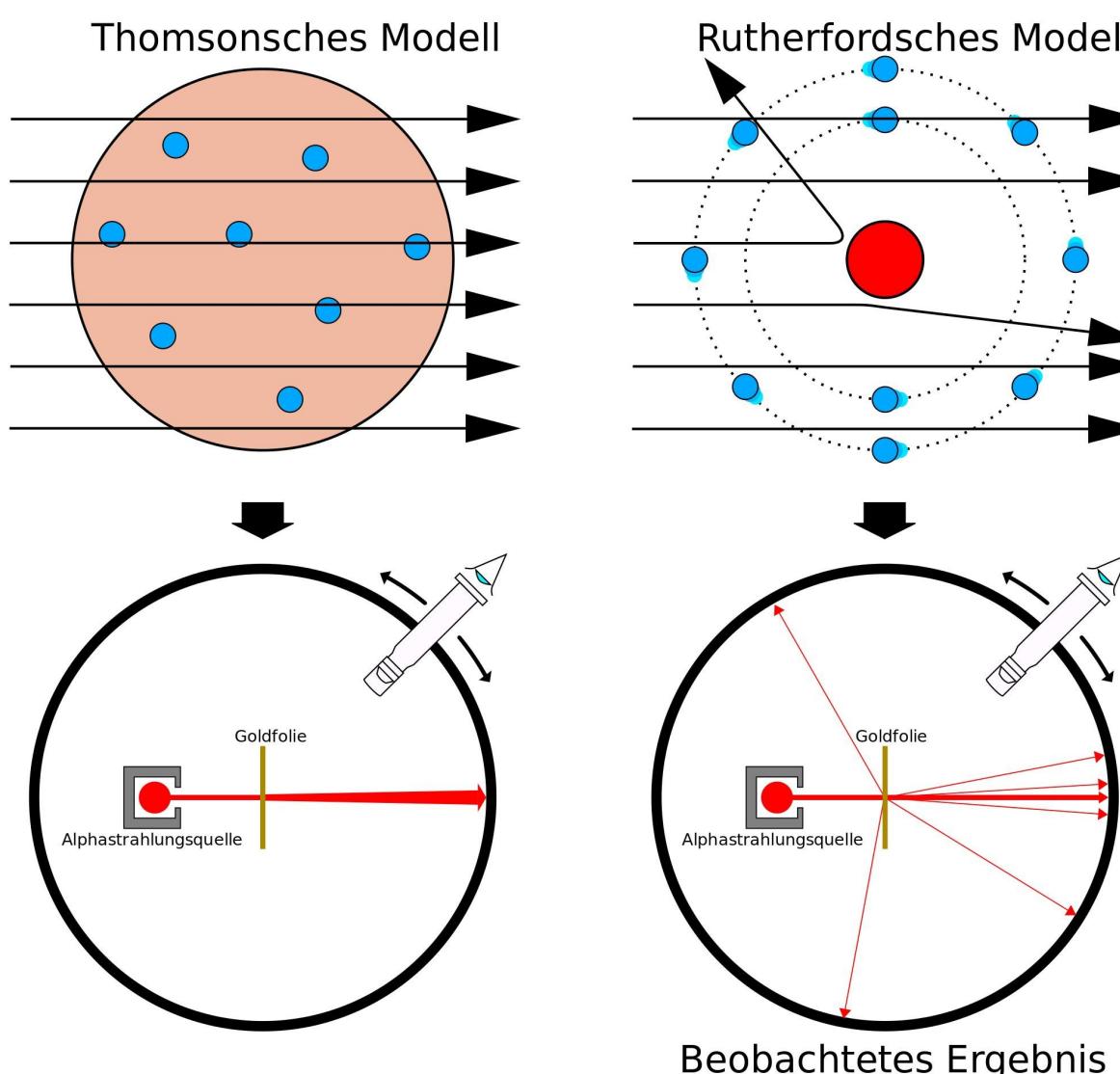
Markus Cristinziani



Vadim Kostyukhin

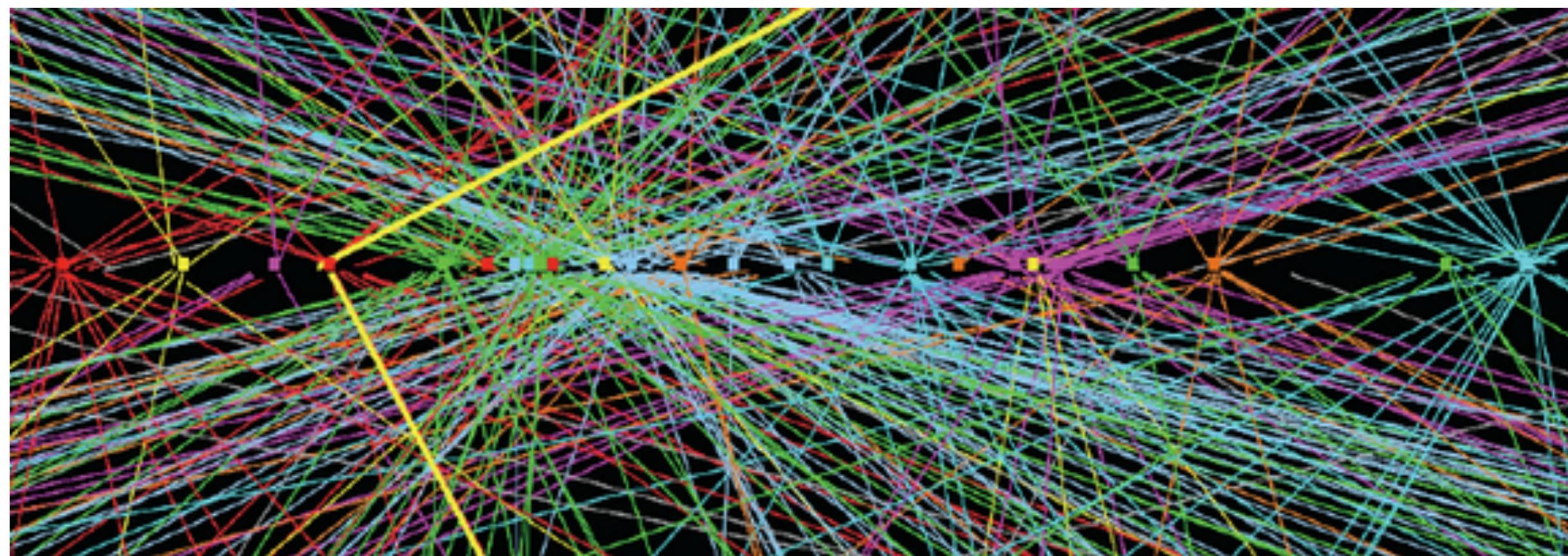
Particle physics environment

- Goal: understand fundamental structure of matter
- Tool: highest energy collisions (14.000.000.000.000 V) of protons at LHC
- Microscope: ATLAS detector

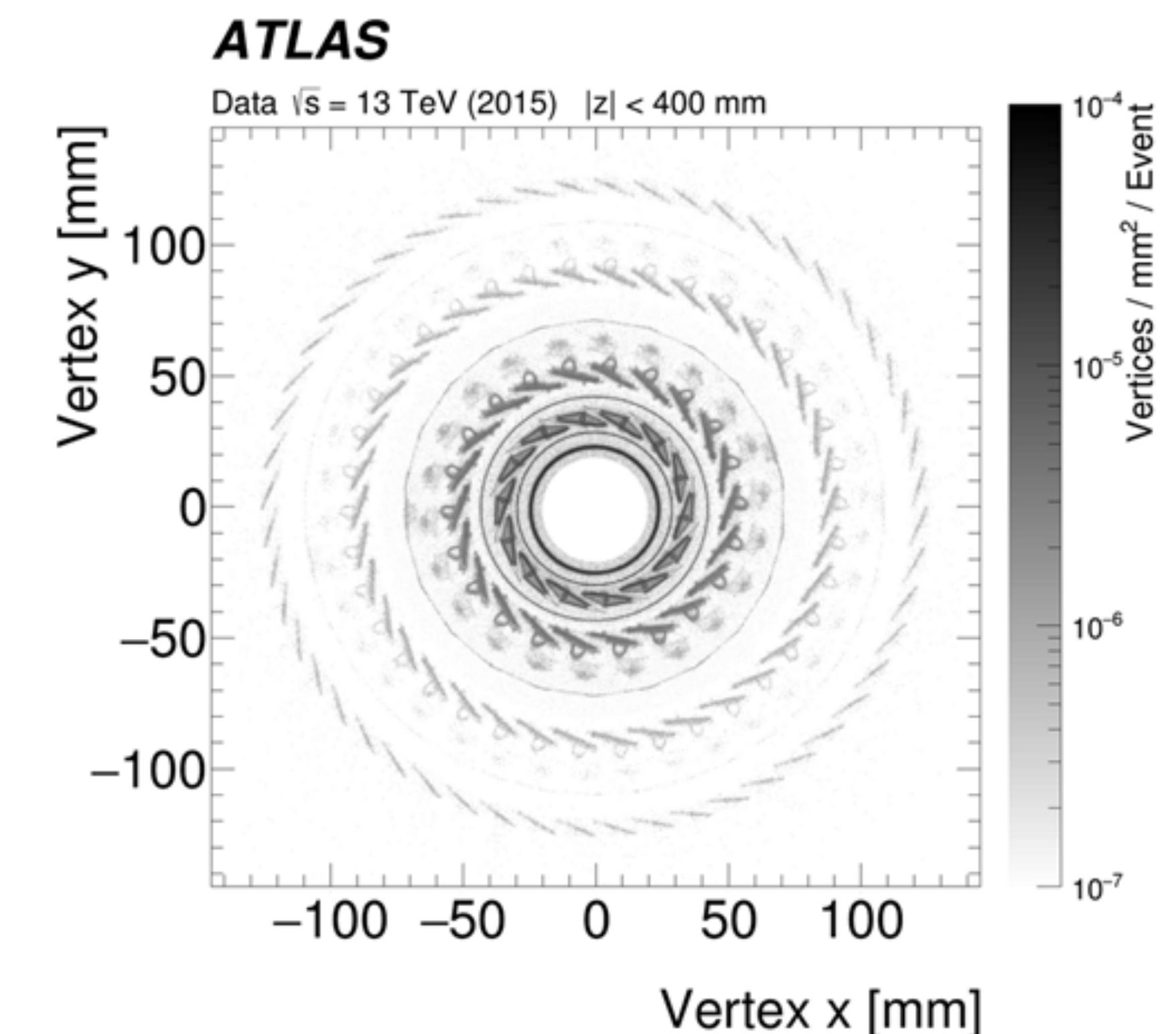


Definitions

- **Track**
 - electronic detector → trajectory of charged particle
- **Vertex reconstruction:**
 - given a set of tracks, estimate where interaction or decay happens



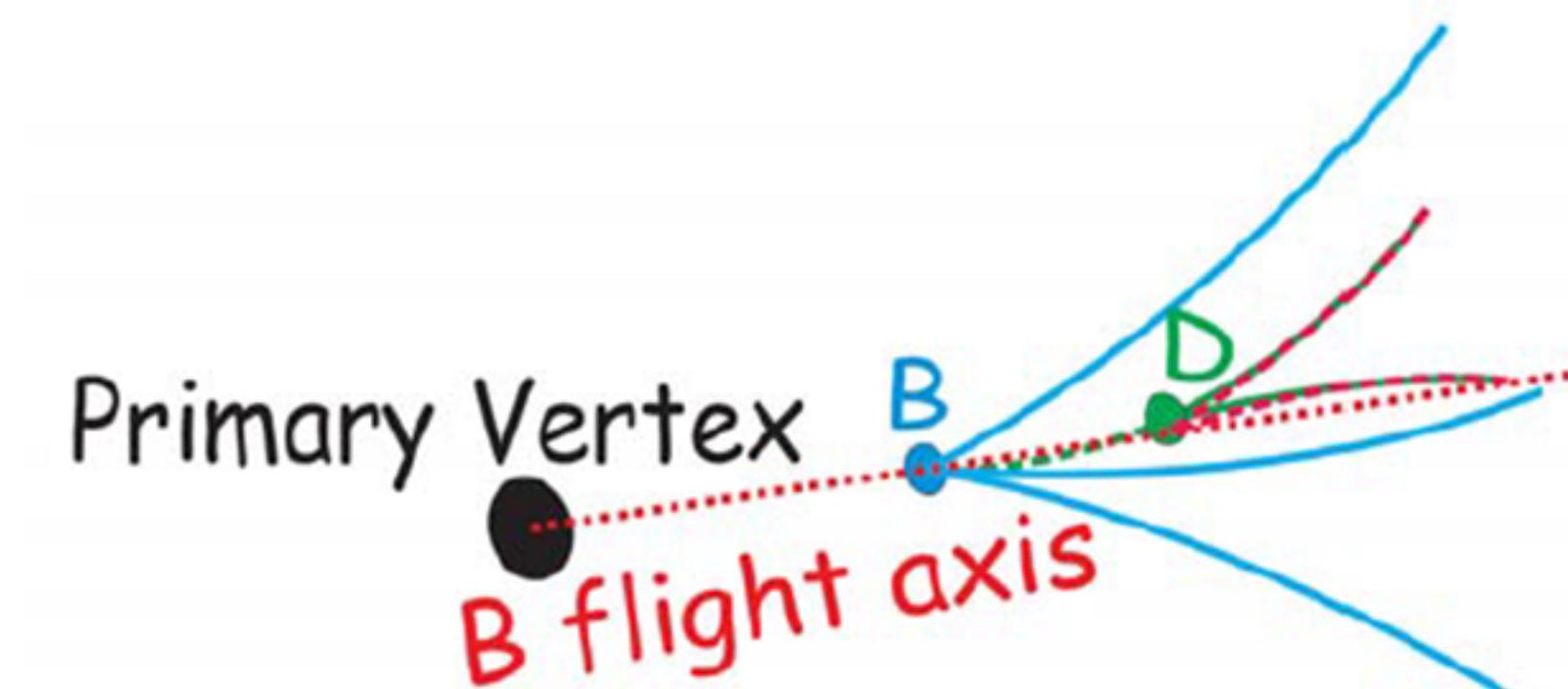
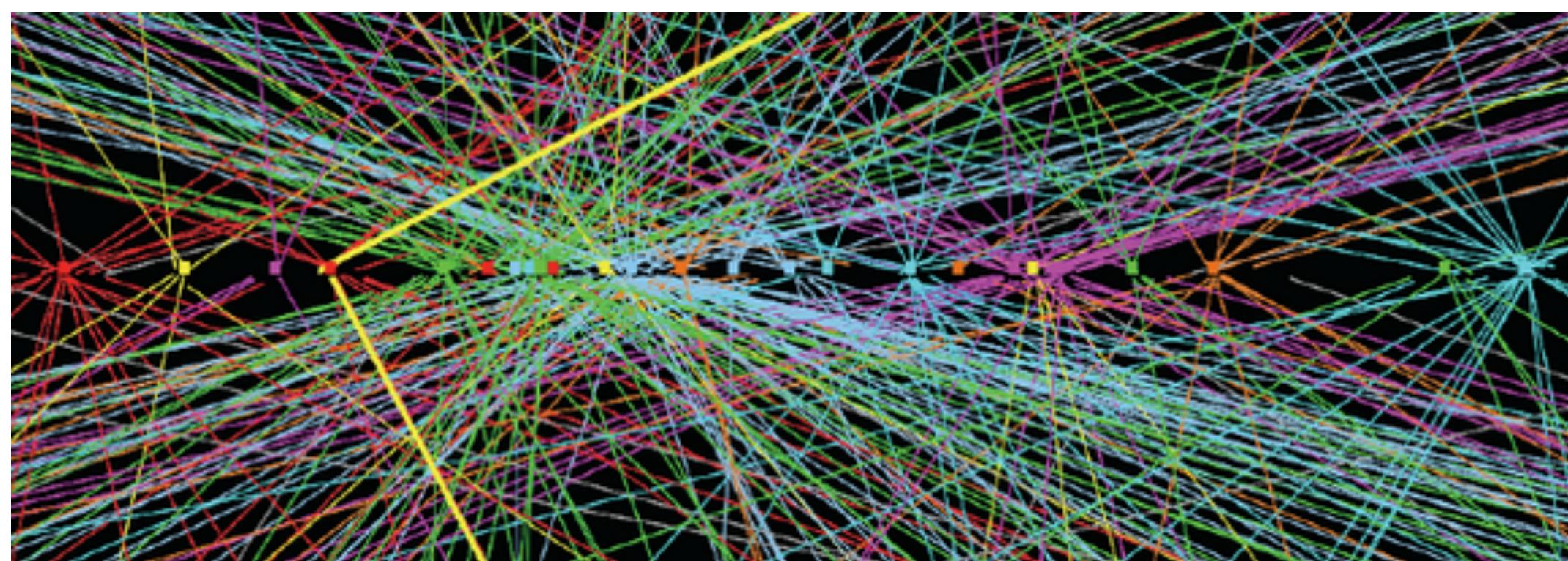
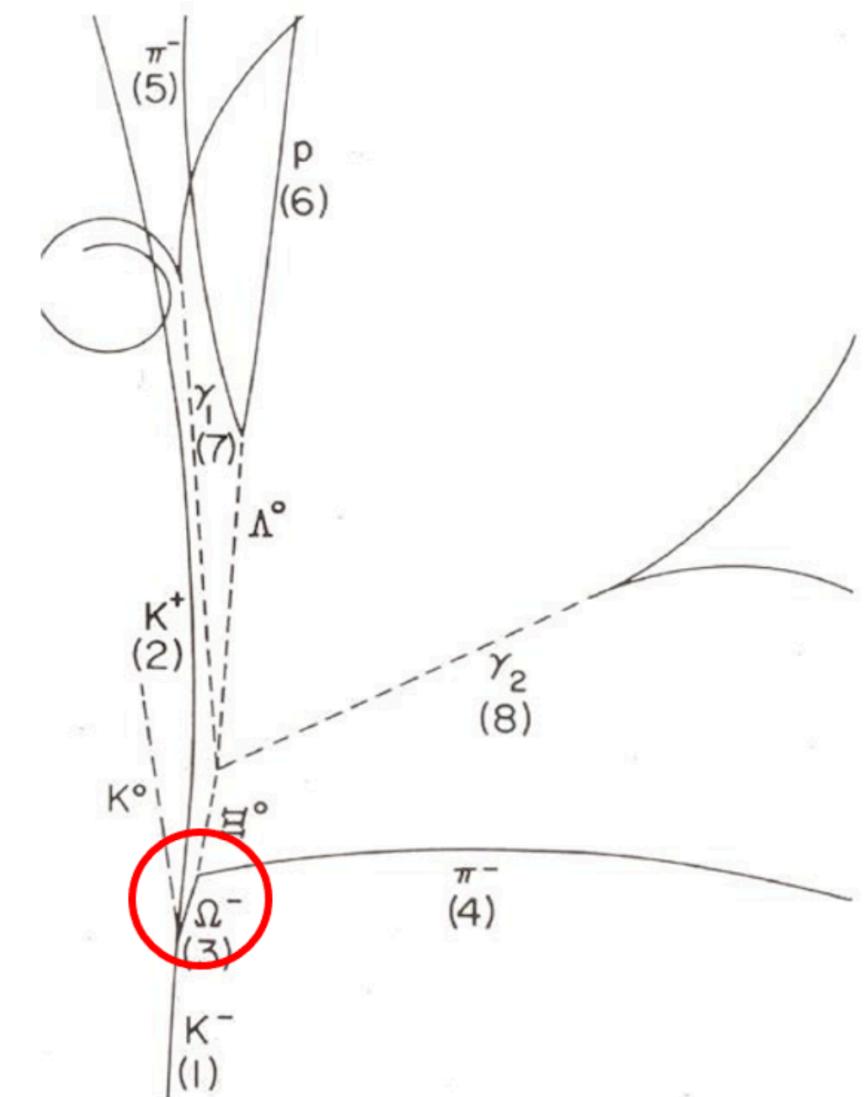
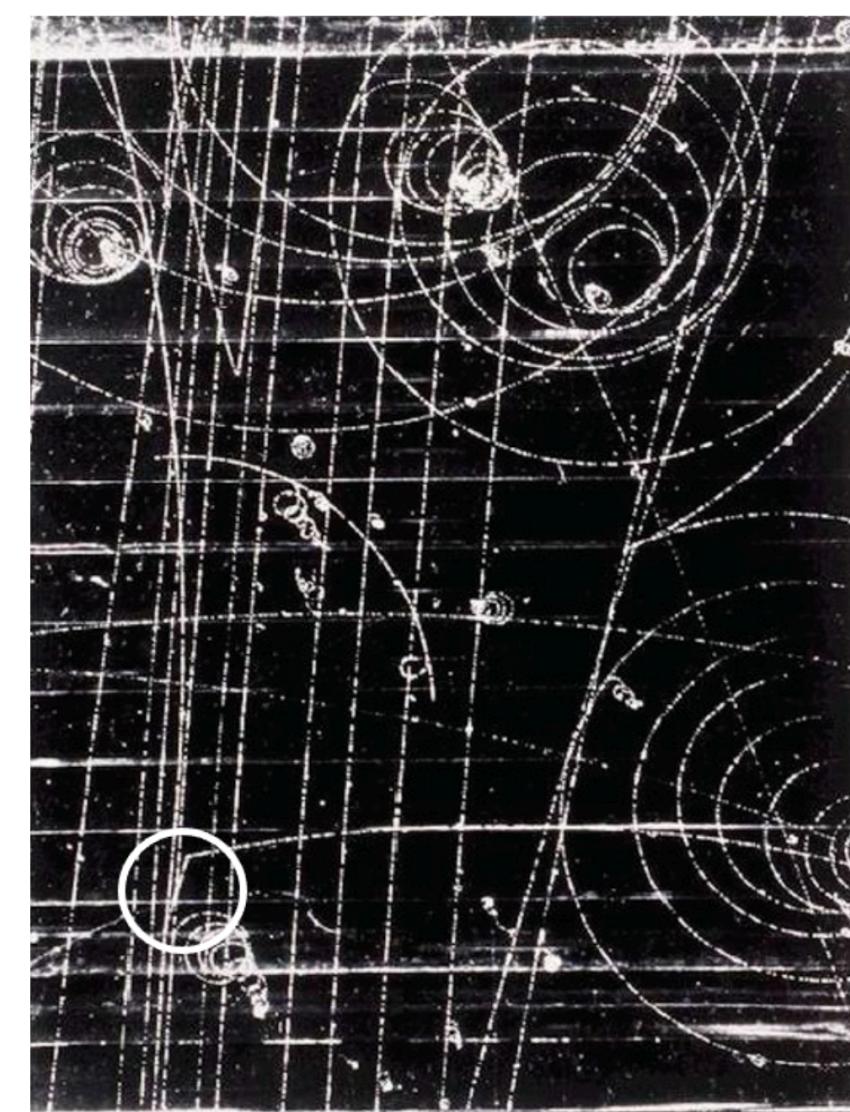
Pileup: Multiple proton-proton collisions at the Large Hadron Collider
(up to 200) along the beam line → Primary Vertex



Inner detector “radiography” by reconstructing
interaction vertex in detector material

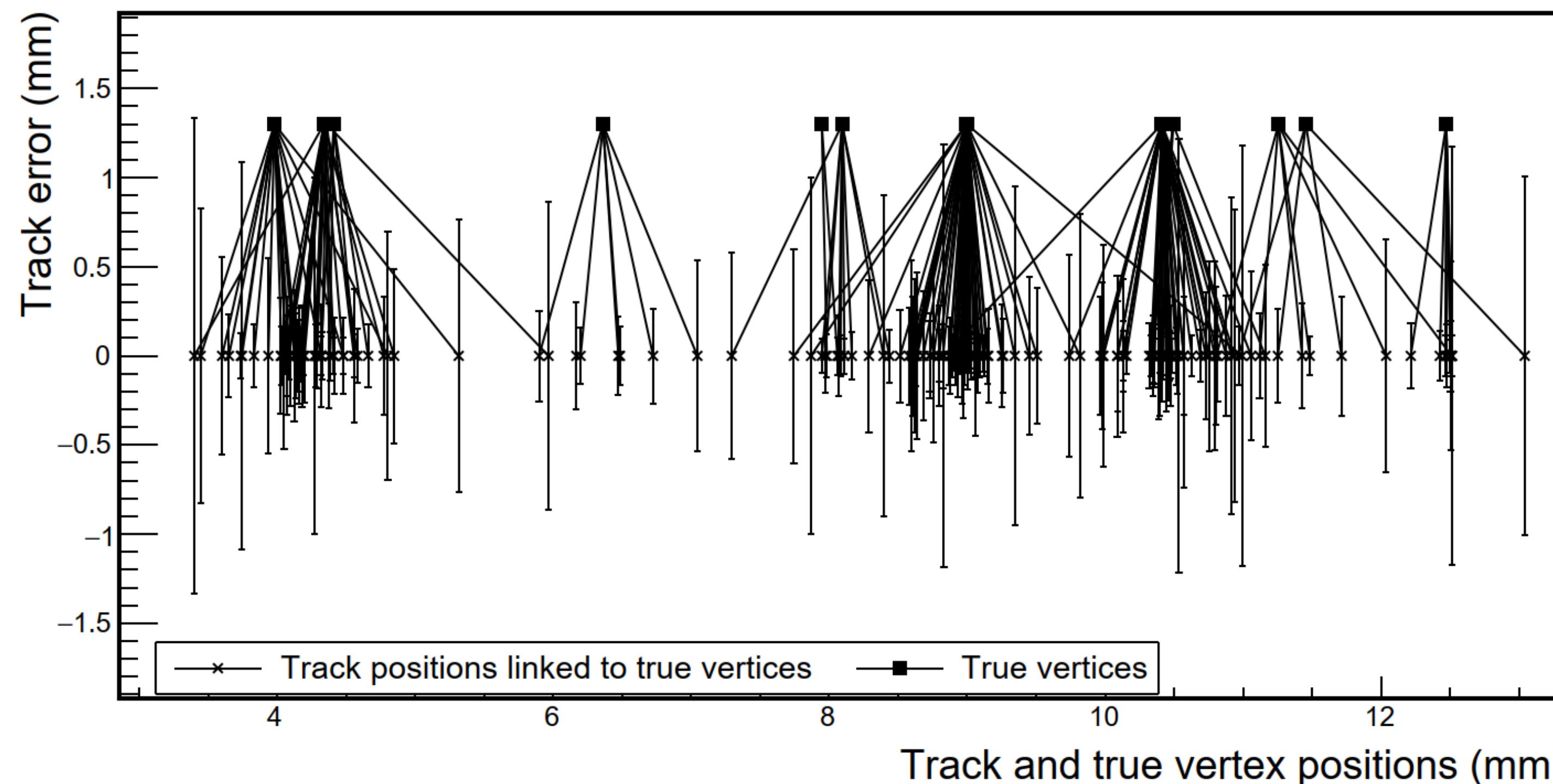
Typical problems

- Vertex reconstruction well known problem
 - e.g. discovery of “strange” Ω -Hyperon 1964
- Typical current problems
 - Primary vertex reconstruction (collisions)
 - Secondary vertex reconstruction (decay)



Challenges in vertex fitting

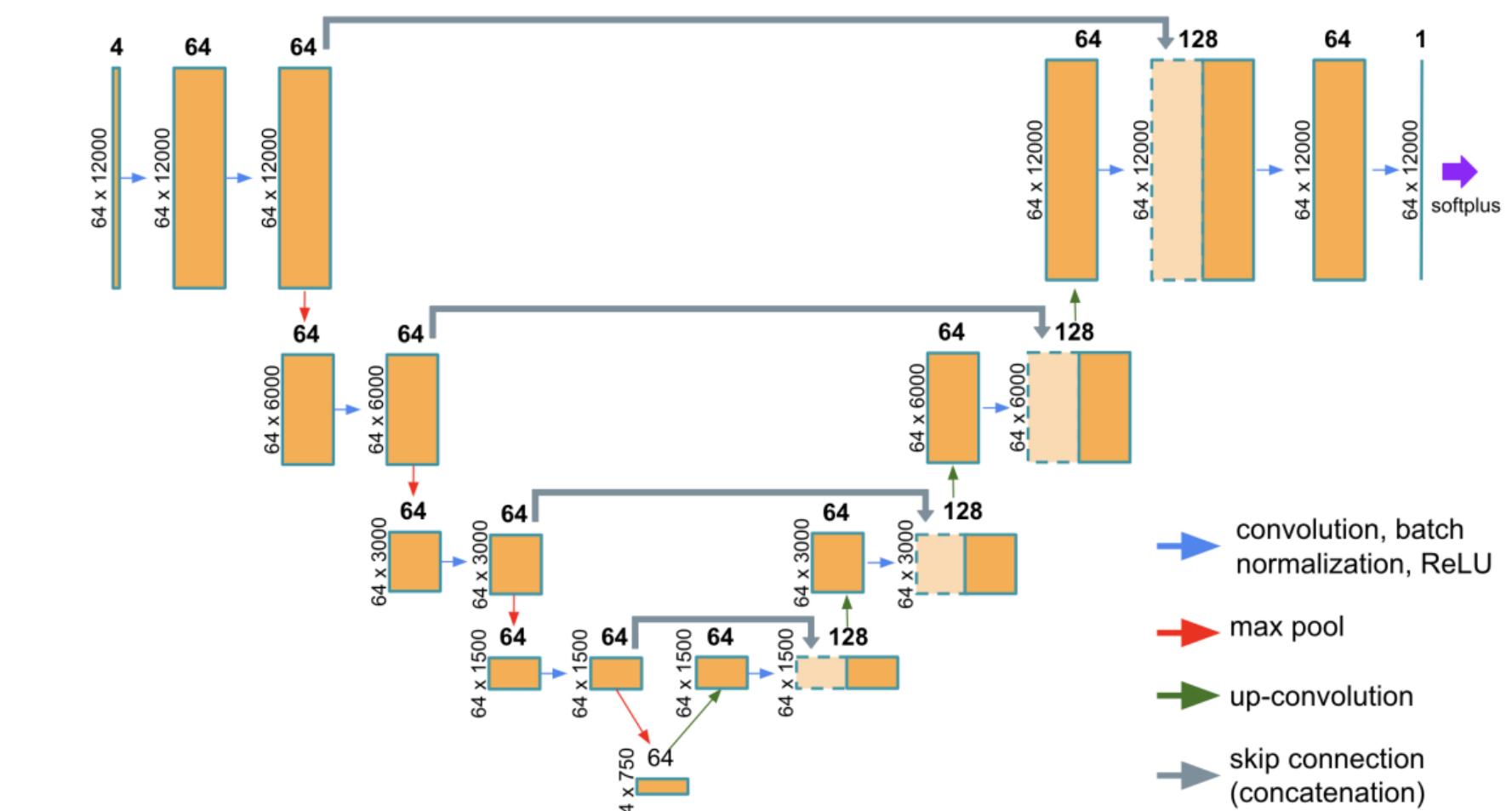
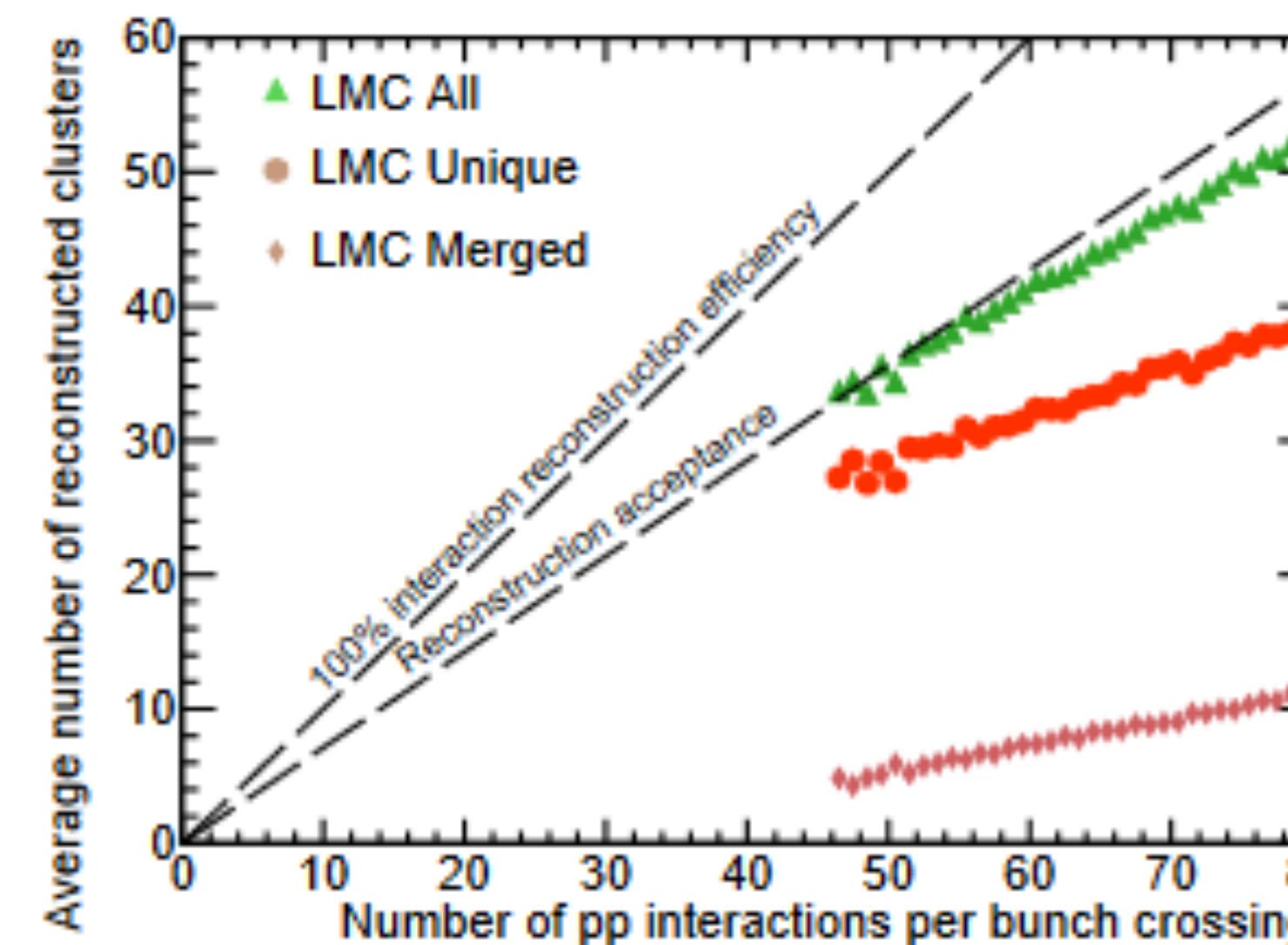
- Detector resolution and large track density
 - often vertex-to-vertex distance smaller than track resolution
 - few-track vertex difficult to detect near a many-track vertex
 - limited resolution → fake vertex candidates



Track from different
vertices can overlap

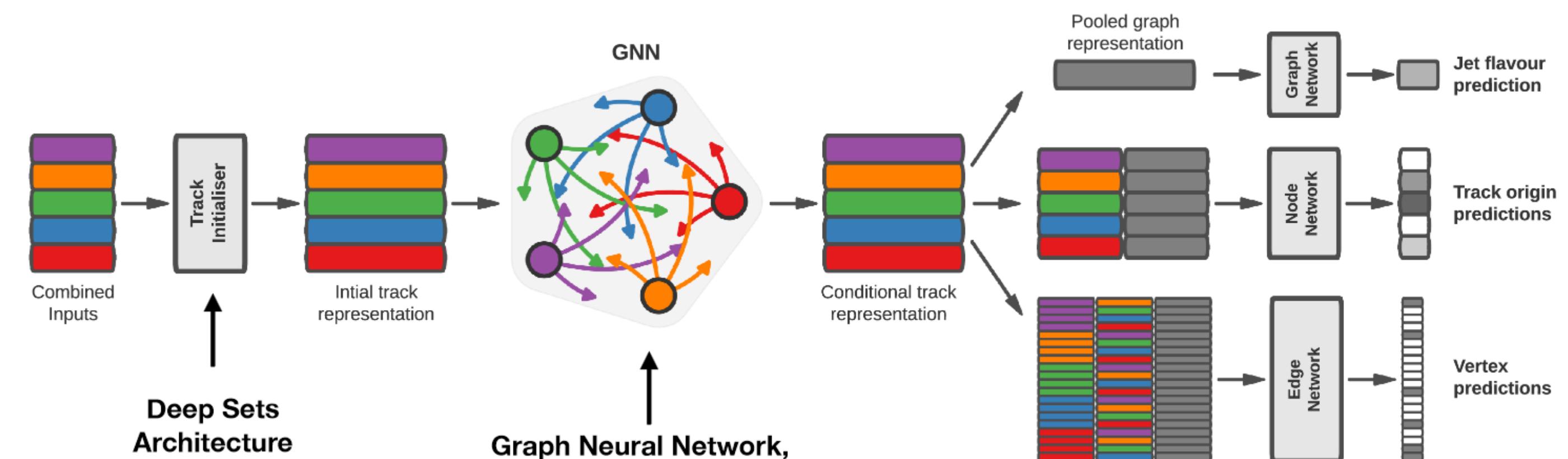
Selected previous work

- Primary vertex (PV) reconstruction with pileup
 - VK, M.Keuper, ... MC, “Improving primary-vertex reconstruction with a minimum-cost lifted multicut graph partitioning algorithm”, [JINST 18 \(2023\) P07013](#) using the Minimum Cost Lifted Multicut algorithm
 - ATLAS Collaboration, “Primary Vertex identification using deep learning in ATLAS”, [ATL-PHYS-PUB-2023-011](#) using UNet, CNN for biomedical image segmentation



Vertices-in-jet reconstruction

- Great advancements in recent years
 - J. Shlomi et al., “Secondary Vertex Finding in Jets with Neural Networks”, [Eur.Phys.J. C 81 \(2021\) 540](#) using H. Serviansky et al., “Set2Graph: Learning Graphs from sets”, [arXiv:2002.08772](#)
 - ... to learning track compatibility matrix with transformer-like attention, S. Van Stroud, [CERN Data Science Seminar](#), March 2023



- R.E.C. Smith et al., “Differentiable vertex fitting for jet flavour tagging”, [arXiv:2310.12804](#)

Datasets available

- About 100 million fully simulated proton-proton $\rightarrow t\bar{t}$ events
 - each event has two b-jets (i.e. secondary vertices)
 - owned by the ATLAS Collaboration
 - can be used for first studies (~ 1 year) but not for publication
- Private simulation using open source detector simulation and/or open data
 - available in ~1 year, free to be used in publications

Possible directions

- Improving reconstruction of vertices (all-in-one approach)
 - simultaneously reconstruct primary, secondary, in/out-of-jet, material interactions ...
 - in dense or very dense environments (future collider FCC, planned for ~2050), with 1000 primary vertices, 50 secondary vertices, 10.000 tracks
- Employ Graph Neural Nets
 - possibly processing with attention mechanism for better clustering
- Implement constraints from physics knowledge
- Compare performance with dedicated algorithms